

# Identifying Cohesive Subgroups in Emergency Response Networks

Feb. 26, 2021

Seong Soo Oh, Public Administration, Hanyang University Sang-Wook Kim, Computer Science, Hanyang University

#### **Context**



## □ National Public Health Emergencies in Korea

- MERS 2015
  - ☐ May 20 December 23
  - □ 186 confirmed cases
  - ☐ 38 deaths
- Response Networks of Organizations
  - □ 1,395 organizations and 4,801 edges
  - □ 80% government organizations and 20% non-governmental organizations
  - ☐ Average degree: 3.44, but six organizations coordinated with more than 100 others

#### **Motivation**



## ☐ Subgroups matter in disaster response networks

- Can hinder information flow across sub-groups (Comfort & Haase, 2006)
- Develop recurring patterns of interaction in the conduct of disaster operations; important in understanding the constraints on the network (Kapucu et al., 2010)
- Can show lack of cross-jurisdictional, cross-sectoral organization integration (Hossain & Kuti, 2010)

Public organizations tend to interact more frequently with other public organizations in specific geographic locations

(Butts, Acton, Marcum, 2012; Hossain & Kuti, 2010; Kapucu, 2005; Tang, Deng, Shao, & Shen, 2017)

### **Network Data Source and Collection**



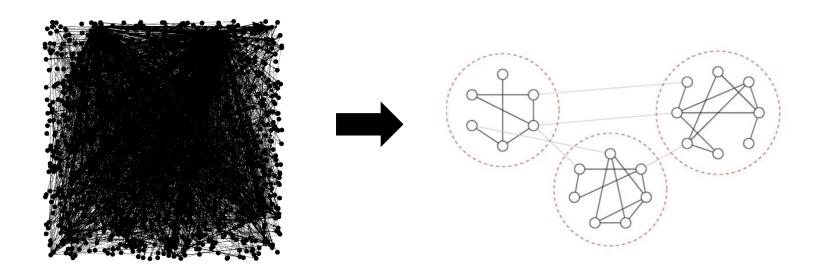
- □ News articles during the epidemic (May 20, 2015 ~ December 31, 2015) from four major newspapers in Korea
  - Collected using an online tool by the Center
  - 6,187 news articles reviewed
- ☐ The MERS White Paper by the government (2016)
  - 488 pages + appendices
- ☐ All activities and relations in the data sources were collected and multiple cleaning processes were performed between August 2016 and September 2017

## **Community Detection**



## □ community

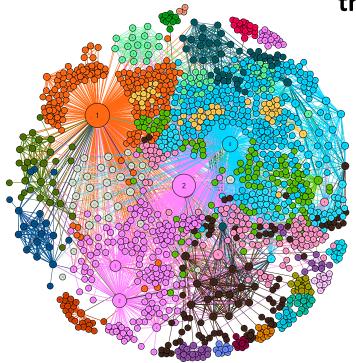
 "groups within which the network connections are dense, but between which they are sparser"
(Newman & Girvan, 2004, p. 69)



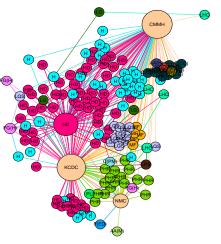
#### **Results**



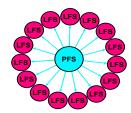
The MERS response network split largely into two groups: core response communities in one group and supportive functional communities in the other



1,395 organizations and 4,801 edges 27 communities, Q=0.548 (Leiden algorithm)



Community 2 (Led by Health Authorities)



Community 18 (Fire Organizations in South Chungcheong Province)